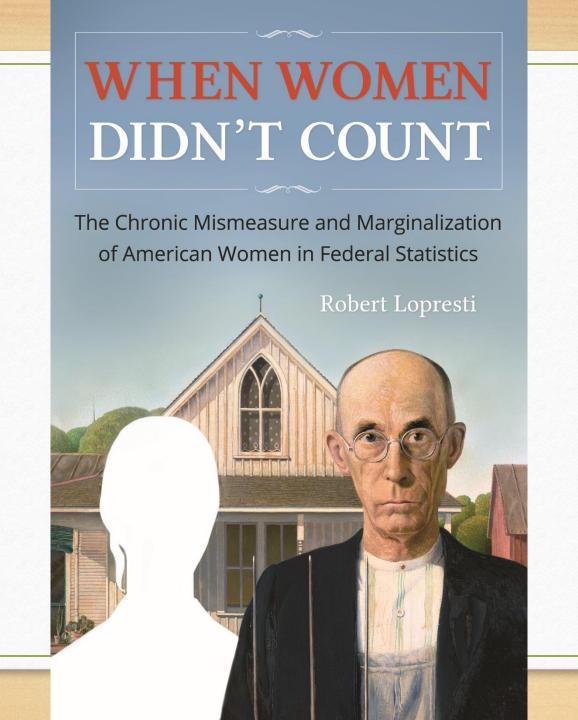
When Women Didn't Count

Robert Lopresti





Explore. Connect. Understand.



Margaret T.
Lane / Virginia
F. Saunders
Memorial
Research Award



Deadline: 2016



How did this book get started?

• Official Housewife's Uniform, 1918. →



DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

SAM. L. ROGERS, DIRECTOR W. M. STEUART, DIRECTOR RESIGNED APRIL 13, 1921

APPOINTED APRIL 14, 1921

FOURTEENTH CENSUS OF THE UNITED STATES TAKEN IN THE YEAR 1920

VOLUME IV

POPULATION 1920

OCCUPATIONS

Unusual occupations for women.—The Fourteenth Census enumerators, like the enumerators at previous censuses, returned women as following many occupations which are very peculiar or unusual for women. Careful examination of the schedules in such cases usually showed that errors had been made in the return. either of the sex or of the occupation. Most of these errors were found and corrected by the classifying clerks. Others were corrected during the work of final revision. Occasionally, however, no such errors were apparent on the schedules. These cases are reported, although it is probable that in most instances the women did not actually follow the occupations. The following are examples of such occupations:

Boiler washers and engine host-lers. Coopers. hoistmen.

Apprentices to building and Machinists.

hand trades.

Blacksmiths.

Apprentices to building and Machinists.

Millers.

Plasterers. Plumbers and gas and steam fitters. Brick and stone masons. Stationary engineers. Carpenters.
Coopers.
Technical engineers.
Telegraph and telephone line-Cranemen, derrickmen, and men.

The decrease from 1910 to 1920 in the number of women reported as pursuing certain skilled trades should be ascribed to the more rigid scrutiny of such returns in 1920. and mirror to be the first sections

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government occupations Women's

Health status violence force
reports age percent example woman
living million office one information war published life found cases Survey
men well data head workers sexual
federal more births abortion paid gainful reported public National Wone female economic females

Sex pay household population
                                                              rape
          Bureau sex pay household population females
       table volume employed noted book subject Statistics home
    report jobs figures years first families United labor U.S
                  likely abortions people work married family occupation employment
                                                           Census
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Demographics Women at Home Concepts of Employment Women at Work Women and Health Women and the Law Women at War



America will be as strong as her women

Target Audience:

A college student wanting to write a research paper on:

American History

Economics

Gender Studies

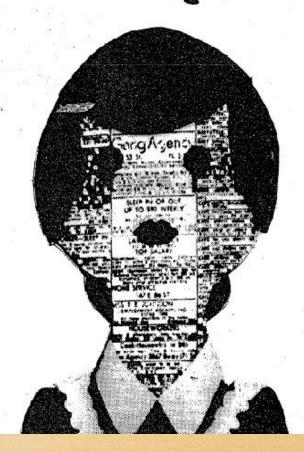
Political Science

Statistics

IF ONLY

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Sources:

WWU Collection

HathiTrust

Government Websites
Interlibrary Loan



The takeaway?

Social statistics are very subjective.

Demographics Women at Home Concepts of Employment Women at Work Women and Health Women and the Law Women at War



America will be as strong as her women Housewives,
Homemakers, and
Housekeepers



What is the difference?

- Housewives
- Homemakers
- Housekeepers



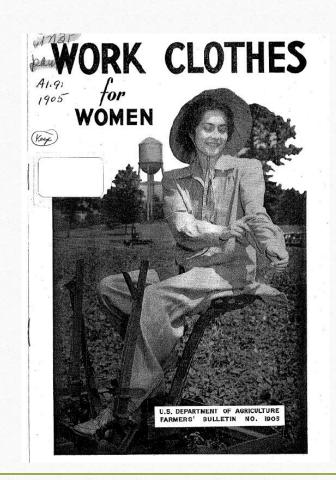
- Housewives Cared for own house
- Homemakers –
 Housewives with outside jobs
- Housekeepers Paid to care for other houses



A woman taking care of her family's home was...

1800. A productive member of society.

1900. A "dependent."



Inmates of prisons, almshouses, and benevolent institutions are also placed in the nongainful class, despite the fact that in many such institutions the inmates are productively employed. In so far as this is the case, these inmates are in much the same position as housewives, not carrying their wares to market, but still producing economic utilities of recognized value, and therefore not to be regarded as a burden borne by the community.

UNITED STATES

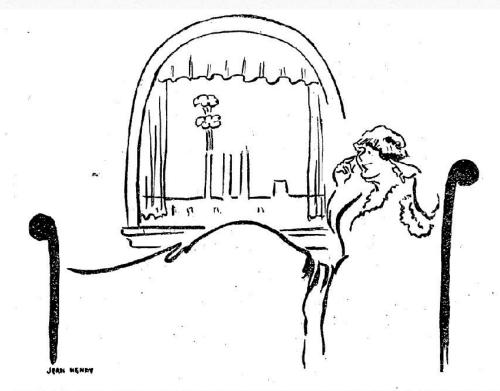
TABLE 20.—FAMILIES WITH HOME-MAKER, BY COLOR AND NATIVITY OF HEAD, AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF HOME-MAKER, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1930

EMPLOYMENT STATUS OF HOME- MAKER	All	NATIVE WHITE			Vouden		
		Total	Native parentage	Foreign or mixed parentage	born white	Negro	Other
Families having home-maker Not gainfully employed Gainfully employed	28, 405, 294 24, 481, 778 3, 923, 516	20, 052, 840 17, 698, 711 2, 354, 158	14, 848, 947 13, 116, 246 1, 732, 701	5, 203, 922 4, 582, 465 621, 457	5, 404, 476 4, 852, 931 551, 543	2, 601, 254 1, 624, 814 976, 446	346, 695 305, 322 41, 373

TABLE 23.—FAMILIES HAVING RADIO SET, BY COLOR AND NATIVITY OF HEAD, IN URBAN AND RURAL AREAS, FOR THE UNITED STATES: 1930

AREA	ALI	L FAMILIES		NATIVE WHITE			
	Total number	Having radio set		Total	Having radio set		
		Number	Per cent	Total number	Number	Per cent	
Total Urban Urben-ferm Rural-farm Rural-nonfarm	6, 604, 637	12, 048, 762 8, 682, 176 28, 422 1, 371, 073 1, 995, 513	40. 3 50. 0 44. 4 20. 8 33. 7	20, 968, 803 11, 322, 555 44, 660 5, 006, 748 4, 639, 500	9, 315, 223 6, 377, 973 21, 784 1, 202, 455 1, 734, 795	44. 4 56. 3 49. 4 24. 0 37. 4	
Total farm	6, 668, 681	1, 399, 495	21.0	5, 050, 808	1, 224, 239	24.5	

Decennial Censuses



HEALTH AND HYGIENE FOR WOMEN AT WORK.

Many women do not know much more about a factory than the sound of the shrill early morning whistle which punctures their sleep for a few minutes and the noon whistle by which they set their clocks,

1870. Where are the housewives?

"The home and woman as a home-keeper have no place in the report... and more than twelve millions of American women are being overlooked..."

-Association for the Advancement of Women

1880. Where are the housekeepers?

Modern calculation: 6.6% of married women were paid housekeepers.

1880. Where are the housekeepers?

1890. Only 2.5% of White women working.

1900. "a large...body of persons, particularly young women, who live at home and do nothing that can be regarded as work."

1910. "Gainful workers"



What is "gainful employment?"



Boardinghouse Keepers

1880. One house in 6 in Philadelphia had a boarder.

Only 1% of homes had a "boardinghouse keeper."



Gainful Employment

1900 Census

Not the same as

"Productive Employment"



as strong as her women

Gainful Employment

1900 Census

Professional athletes and clairvoyants
NOT Farm woman keeping the books



1910. "Gainful workers" included "all workers except women doing housework in their own homes..."

Whose fault?

Census takers?

Instructions?

Women? (Or their husbands?)



REPORT ON 1948

Women's Bureau Conference

Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday February 17, 18, 19

THE AMERICAN WOMAN · Her Changing Role

WORKER

HOMEMAKER

CITIZEN

THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES

Introduced by The Secretary of Labor, L. B. Schwellenbach

M. Secretary, Miss Miller, and members of the Women's Bureau Conference, it is certainly a pleasure for me to be over here this morning.

When Miss Miller opened her remarks she started off by saying that you represented workers, homemakers, citizens. I want to reverse that order. I want to say "homemakers, workers, citizens," for if it were not for the homemakers we would have neither the citizens nor the workers.

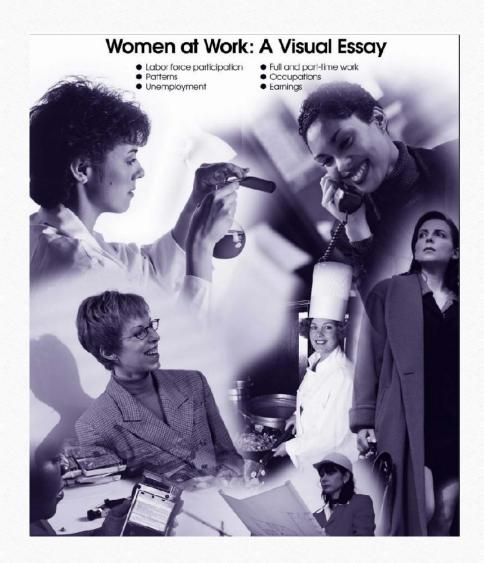
Not often is there a meeting in Washington of a body of women as widely representative in their interests as the group gathered here today. The occasion is an especially happy one for me because it permits me to speak of some of the things that are close to my heart and that I know are close to yours as well.

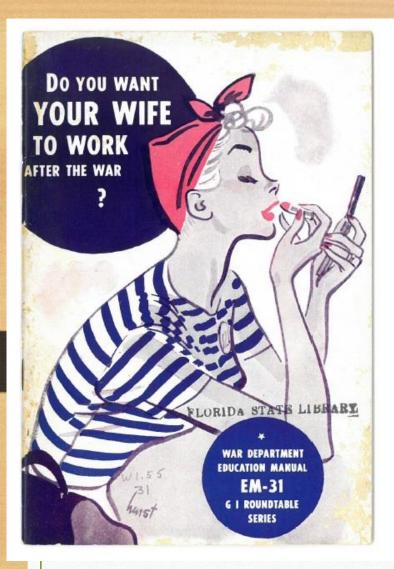
Why does this matter?

1980. More than half female death certificates were for "housewives"

But 90% of them had worked for pay...

Questions?





Thank you!

Whenwomendidntcount.com

